**MATHEMATICS APPLICATIONS**

Investigation 3 **Statistics**, 2018

## Section B – In Class Validation

**Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Marks: 36**

**Calculators allowed**

**Question One (4, 4 = 8 marks)**

1. Using **Source Data 1**
2. Give the Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Standard Deviation and n (number of scores) for the ages of **Females** in the first 20 deaths.
3. Create a box and whisker plot for the data.

= Med = Mode = Range = Sx = n =

1. Using **Source Data 1**
2. Give the Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Standard Deviation and n (number of scores) for the ages of **Males** in the first 20 deaths.
3. Create a box and whisker plot for the data.

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**Question Two (4, 4 = 8 marks)**

1. Using **Source Data 2**
2. Give the Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Standard Deviation and n (number of scores) for the ages of in **Females** for deaths 41 to 60.
3. Create a box and whisker plot for the data.

= Med = Mode = Range = Sx = n =

1. Using **Source Data 2**
2. Give the Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Standard Deviation and n (number of scores) for the ages of in **Males** for deaths 41 to 60.
3. Create a box and whisker plot for the data.

= Med = Mode = Range = Sx = n =

**Question Three (4, 4, 2, 2 = 12 marks)**

1. From the statistics you calculated in **Question One**, compare the information you have found in part **a)** with part **b) (**deaths 1 to 20).

**Explain** what the results **mean** in the **context** of the situation rather than only saying

‘ value A is bigger or smaller than value B ’ .

1. From the statistics you calculated in **Question Two**, compare the information you have found in part **a)** with part **b) (**deaths 41 to 60).

**Explain** what the results **mean** in the **context** of the situation rather than only saying

‘ value A is bigger or smaller than value B ’ .

1. Did your findings in part a) change when compared to your findings in part b) ?

Explain.

1. What conclusions can you make from part c) ?

Explain.

**Question Four (4, 2, 2 = 8 marks)**

The following Tally Table shows the distance from the Town Hall of each villager that died in the first 100 days.

First 100 Days Day 101 to 200

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Km from town centre | Death Tally | Frequency of deaths |
| 1 | ~~IIII~~ ~~IIII~~ ~~lIII IIIl~~ ~~lIII~~ ~~llll IlII~~ llll | 39 |
| 2 |  | 0 |
| 3 | I | 1 |
| 4 |  | 0 |
| 5 |  | 0 |
| 6 | I | 1 |
| **Total** |  | **41** |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Km from town centre | Death Tally | Frequency of deaths |
| 1 | ~~IIII~~ II | 7 |
| 2 | ~~IIII~~ III | 8 |
| 3 | I | 1 |
| 4 | l | 1 |
| 5 |  | 0 |
| 6 |  | 0 |
| **Total** |  | **17** |

1. What information can you gather from the tables above?
2. What conclusions can you come to from the information above?
3. How can this information be relevant to containing the spread of disease today?